he sixth copy gratis for one year.

come under this rule, if they desire to do so.

october, 1857, will have their papers discontinued on expi-

ration of the time paid for, All former subscribers can

they may wish to make. Office third door South of Griswold's Hotel. Dec. 20, 1860. CLARK & TURLINGTON, TOMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, & U dealers in Lime, Plaster, Cement and Hair, NORTH WATER STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Bo Solicits consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Flour. Corn, Bacon, Timber, &c. REFER TO H. R. Savage, Cashier Bank Cape Fear, Wilmington, N. C. John Dawson, Pres't Wil. Branch Bank of N C., do. do. W. H. Jones, Cashier Branch Bank Cape Fear, Raleigh, do. Nov. 15, 1860.

GEO. ALDERMAN, NEPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES. WILMINGTON, N. C. Office at I. T. Alderman's Store. Prompt attention paid to business, and solicits patronage from his country friends.

Aug. 30.

T. H. MCKOY & CO., ROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, South Water Street, WILMINGTON, N. C. Aug. 23d, 1860.

C. H. ROBINSON & CO., COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, WILMINGTON, N. C. Office over J. A. Willard's Store. Entrance corner of Princess and Water Streets. March 9, 1860,-158&29.

JAMES STOKLEY. ALEX. OLDHAM. STOKLEY & OLDHAM, EALERS IN GRAIN, AND COMMISSION MER-J CHANTS. WILMINGTON, N. C. Prompt attention given to the sale of Cotton, Flour, Ba-

and other Country Produce. WALKER MEARES. GGIST AND APOTHECARY,

NO. 45 MARKET STREET. The attention of Physicians is especially called to the brow, caused by the bite of a dog, very heavy set. stock of Medicines, which are warranted as being pure. L. B. HUGGINS & SONS,

THOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN GROCER-V HES AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE, S. E. Corner Market and Second Streets. WILMINGTON, N. C. ma\_Orders from our friends will receive prompt attention. May 31, 1860.

C. POLVOGT, TPHOLSTERER AND PAPER HANGER, CORNER PRINCESS AND FRONT STREETS, WILMINGTON, N. C. Keeps always on hand and manufactures to order any article in the UPHOLSTERING LINE; also, a large assortment of PAPER HANGINGS, which are put up at short

Nov. 11th, 1859 WILLIAM J. PRICE, INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WILMINGTON, N. C. Solicits the patronage of his country friends, and all others engaged in the Turpentine business. # Office opposite No. 47, North Water street. Nov. 24th, 1859.

TOMMISSION MERCHANT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Offers his services to Planters as Factor or Agent for the sale of Cotton; will give his personal attention to the sale bale, no additional charge wal be made. Cotton forwarded to New York for 10 cents per bale. Oct. 4th, 1859.

EDWIN A. KEITH,

T. M. SMITH, JOHN MCLAURIN. SMITH & McLAURIN, TOMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, WILMINGTON, N. C. RETER TO John Dawson, Esq., Mayor.

E. P. Hall, Esq., President Branch Bank State N. C. Uct. 7th, 1859. THOMAS W. PLATER, INSPECTOL OF NAVAL STORES, WILMINGTON, N. C. 83 Office in M. McInnis' Store, North Water Street.

September 20, 1860-4-1y EDWARD MCPHERSON. TOMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 6 South Water Street. WILMINGTON, N. C.

Aug. 12th, 1859.

JAMES O. BOWDEN, INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WILMINGTON, N. C. April 4, 1859 .- [31-tf. ALFRED ALDERMAN,

INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WILMINGTON. N. C. Will give prompt attention to all business in his line.

WILLIAM H. LIPPITT, THOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST, and Dealer in WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BROGGIST, Garden Seeds, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and Market sts., immediately opposite SHAW's old stand Wilming-

(MONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs the N. B. To Distillers of Turpentine, -he is prepared to put

up Stills at the shortest notice W. H. MCHARY & CO., MOMMISSION MERCHANTS, corner Princess and Water Jetreet, Wilmington, N. C. REFERENCES:

H. R. Savage, Cashier Bank Cape Fear, Wilmington, N. C. ol. John McRae, Pres't Bank Wilmington, do. D. A. Davis, Cashier Branch B'k Cape Fear, Salisbury, do. J. Eli Gregg, President of Bank Cheraw, S. C. [Oct 17] GEO. W. ROSE, CARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR, WILMINGTON, N. C.

BOCK SPRING HOTEL. MARY S. McCALEB, PROPRIETRESS.

OLD STAND. THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning her sincere thanks to her numerous friends for the liberal patronage her house has received for the past low years, and would respectfully inform the public that of labor. she is prepared to accommodate Boarders-either Trans ent or Regular-on the most liberal terms. Her house being situated on the South side of Chestnut

street, below Front, is in a convenient location to business. Her table will at all times be found amply provided with the best the market affords. Her rooms are kept in the best possible manner, rendering every comfort and convenience 10 her guest in her power. A continuance of public patronage is respectfully solicit-MARY S. McCALEB.

December 11, 1860 .- dtf. Dr. WILL, D. SOMERS, AVING PREPARED HIMSELF TO MEET THE VA-I rious exigencies of his profession, and permanently located at Lillington, N. C., tenders his services to the citi-Zens of the village and surrounding country, and hopes, by a conscientious discharge of the duties of his vocation, to

Merit the confidence and patronage of the public. May be found, when not engaged, at his Office, opposite the Masonic Lodge. Orders left with Messrs. Blumenthal & Co., will be prompt [Aug. 31, 1860.—1-tf ly attended to. WILMINGTON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

FRONT STREET, (BELOW MARKET STREET,) Wilmington, N. C. A. HART & JOHN C. BAILEY, PROPRIETORS, RASS AND IRON CASTINGS, finished or unfinished D new Machinery made and put up; old Machinery overhauled; all kinds of Patterns, Ornamental and Architectufal; will supply Drafts of all kinds of Machinery and Mill

All work warranted to be as represented. Orders re spectfully solicited. Also Turpentine Stills and Copper Work in all its branches. November 1 1th, 1859-11-1v.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED have entered into Co-Partnership in the town of Wilmington, N. C., under the firm and Style of SOUTHERLAND & COLEMAN, for the purpose of drying and selling NEGRO SLAVES, where the highest cash prices will be paid. They also have a house in Mobile, Alabama, where they will receive and sell Slaves on commission. Liberal advantes made upon Slaves left with them for sale. D. J. SOUTHERLAND.

JAMES C. COLEMAN.

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# Wilmington Iournal.

VOL. 17. > CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA-WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 20, 1861. \ NO. 43.

# Legal Notices.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. SAMPSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions-May Term, 1861. James A. Moore.) Original Attachment

John T. Gregory, ) It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that John T. Gregory the defendant in this attachment is not an inhabi-A RCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT, Goldsbero', tant of this State, so that ordinary process can be served A will furnish Designs and Specifications for Public and upon him. It is thereupon ordered that advertisement be location possesses many advantages for a physician or lawyer. Private Building, with full practical working Drawings, made in the Wilmington Journal, for the space of six weeks, Terms made easy. For further information apply to the which shall combine constructional solidity, convenience of notifying the said John T. Gregory to appear at the next arrangement, and beauty of form and color, with economy. term of this Court to be held at the Court House in Clinton, on the 3rd Monday in August next, to plead, answer or deand furnish those intending to build, with a knowledge of and furnish those intending to build, with a language more and furnish those intending to build, with a language more mur, or judge ent by default will be entered against him and the land levied upon in said attachment will be condemned to answer plaintiff's debt. Witness, J. R. Beaman, Clerk of our said Court, at office in

Witness, J. R. Beaman, Clerk V. Clinton, the 3rd Monday in May, 1861.

J. R. BEAMAN, Cl'k. [pr. adr. \$5.76] STATE OF SORTH CAROLINA.

PAMPSON COUNTY. PETITION TO MAKE REAL ESTATE ASSETS. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions - May Term, 1861. William Gregory, Administrator of Henry J. Gregory, deceased vs. Elijah J. Gregory, Marshall Gregory and oth-

T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Lewis Gregory, Marshall Gregory, Elijah J. Gregory, John T. Gregory and Francis Gregory, defendants in this cause, are non residents: It is thereupon ordered that advertisement be made in some public journal of this State for six weeks, notifying the parties above named to appear, answer, plead or demur to the said petition, or judgement pro confesso will be taken as to them and the decree granted, and according to said order this publication is made. Witness, John R. Beaman, Clerk of our said Court, at office, in Cliston, the 3d Monday in May, A. D. 1861. J. R. BEAMAN, Clerk. June 6, 1861-41-6tw. [pr. adr. \$5.75.]

Wanted.

NEGROES, NEGROES WANTED. GENTLEMEN, your old customers are yet in market. All you who have NEGROES for sale, would do well to give us a call, or address POWELL & McARTHUR, Clinton, N. C. L. A. POWELL. J. A. MCARTHUB. [July 12, 1860-46-1v\*

Rewards.

A REWARD OF TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS each, will be given OF TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS each, will be given for the apprehension and delivery of my two boys, SOLOMON and ESSEC. SOLOMON is dark, full head of hair, thick lips, has a scar on his left hand between A fall stock of Medicines, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, his thumb and finger-his height about five feet, ten or Hair Brushes, Paint Brusees, Toilet Soaps, Fancy Articles, eleven inches ESSEC is about five feet, five or seven inches igh—yellow skin, has a scar between the right eye and eye June 13th, 1861

> RUNAWAY from the subscriber, on the 15th inst., his Negro Man, DARB. Said negro is about 5 feet 8 inches high, dark complexion, small read, quick spo-RUNAWAY from the subscriber, on the loth inst. ken, inclines forward when walking, about 4 'years old.' The above reward of Fifty Dollars will be paid for his delivery, or confinement in any jail so that I can get him. CHARLES McCLAMMY. Snead's Ferry, Onslow Co., April 18, 1861.

\$10 REWARD. EUNAWAY from the subscriber, about three months sirce, a negro woman named BRIDGETT. She walks lame, but quick, of dark complection, low built, aged trust by our endeavers to please that we shall receive a lib. President. about 35 or 40 years. She is supposed to be lurking on the | eral share. Sound, in the neighborhood of Wrightsville. The above reward will be paid for her confinement in Wilmington Jail, prices, can do so by calling in Wilmington, N. C., on H. M. or for her delivery to the subscriber. An additional reward of TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS will & Co.; or by addressing SILAS SHEETZ & CO., Gillopolis be paid for information that will lead to the conviction of | P. O., Robeson county, N. C. any person harboring said negro. Aug. 2, 1860.-49-tf

### General Notices.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS. His Commission for selling Cotton will be 50 cents per owe taxes for said year, will confer a favor by calling and made of steel or iron, suitable to different soils and the different soils are different soils and the different soils are different soils and the different soils are W. T. J. VANN, Sh'ff. settling the same. April 11, 1861.

LOST OR MISLAID. THE FOLLOWING NOTES: One against Jno. F. Moore for \$46 39, dated Nov. Sti., 1858, payable to the subscriber; one against M. A. Devane, payable to N. Weill for \$48 68, with a credit of \$2 50, paid 22 Oct., 1858; J. W. Pridgen's, Constable, Receipt for notes against various persons for collection. Also, various receipts for bills paid. Also, other notes and papers not

recollected. Any person finding the above notes and papers, will be liberally rewarded by leaving them at the JOURNAL OF-FICE, or returning the same to the subscriber at Harrell's Store, N. C.; and all persons are forewarned against trading for any of them, and the many person except myself, or order.

OWEN FENNELL. for any of them, and the makers from paying the same to

March 19th, 1861 163-1t-30-tf

NOTICE. THE SUPPLY MILL, Brunswick Co., N. C., is now in peration, at which can be obtained any of the followfug Lumber, viz: Pine, Cypress, Juniper, Oak, Ash and Hickory. Orders for any of the above can be filled and sent to any point desired, from Florida to Baltimore, or else JNO. MERCER. where, if necessary.

#### HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA,

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs. MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon. VALUABLE REPORTS on Supermatorrhea, and other

Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REME-DIES employed in the Dispensary, sent in sealed letter en-O public that he is prepared to take contracts in his line of business. He keeps constantly on hand, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Plast March 21, 1861.

> NEW WATER WHEEL .- GREAT INVENTION. THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of informing the 1 public, that, after many years of experience, he has succeeded in inventing a WATER WHEEL which he can confidently recommend as being simpler in construction, more powerful in performance with a given amount or head of water, and more durable and less liable to get out of

avoided.

Tais Wheel is a reaction Wheel. It is of cast iron and is only six buckets and turns out 84 square inches of water,

As above stated, this Wheel is patented, and I take pleasure in offering it to any person wanting a cheap, powerful and durable Water Wheel, adapted to grist mills, upright election to fill such vacancies. or circular saw mills, cotton gins, factories, or any other kind of machinery in driving which water-power is used, furnishing sizes of Wheels from two feet upwards, adapted to any head of water. I will furnish and put in running order a Wheel attached to any person's mill for \$75, or I will sell the right to use one for \$25. I will also sell County and State Rights.

Any person wishing to purchase Wheels, individual, County or State rights, or desiring any information will receive Armstrong, John O. Armstrong, James M. Armstrong, Dob. binsville, Sampson county, N. C, their Agents, Messrs. Hart & Bailey, Wilmington, N. C., or the subscriber, GEORGE W. ARMSTRONG, Patentee.

The patentee refers to the following Certificate from

wheel:-This is to certify, that we, the undersigned, have seen the of good meal in 3 minutes and 48 seconds, with 7 feet 5 inches of water, and saves half the water with comparison of HARDY HERRING. other wheels. JOHN BARDEN. JAS. H. LAMB.

DANIEL JOHNSON. R. W. TATOM. G. W. SMITH. March 28th, 1861.

PAINTS AND OILS. 0,000 LBS. Pure White Lead; 5,000 lbs. Pure White Zinc; 500 lbs. Pure White Zinc, in Varnish; 500 lbs. Silver Paint in Oil; 50 bbls. " dry assorted; 10 " Spanish Brown; 5 " Venetian Red; " Yellow Ochre; " Linseed Oil; " Lard Oil; 2 " Best Sperm Oil; 300 lbs. Chrome Green, in oil and dry; 200 " "Yellow, in Oil and dry. For sale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT, wholesale and retail, by Druggist & Chemist.

## For Sale and to Let.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. of Magnolia for sale. The lot fronts the W. & Weldon Railroad, and contains a large, commodious and law, make of choosing Senators. above and below—double piazza in front and single piazza year; and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in Detwo rooms and chimney,-kitchen, smoke-house, stables, barn and carriage bouse-everything in perfect repair. The subscriber in Magnolia, or P. Murphy, M. London, or Eli HARNESS HORSE for sale. CHAS H. HARRIS. March 16. 161-11t&30-tf

FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBERS have on hand a STILL which they desire to sell. It is nearly new, having been run only one year-in size it will hold fifteen barrels, and is complete in all its fixtures. We will sell it on six months' time by giving good City acceptance. Apply to Roux & Co., Fernandina, or to F. M. Myrell, Steamboat Agent, Savannah, or to the subscribers. TEMPLE & BRO., Nov. 1, 1860.—10-tf Waldo, Fla.

VALUABLE SWAMP LANDS FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER having determined to go South, offers for sale his entire possession of LANDS in New three days, nor in any other place than that in which the versy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury the Happyer county 30 miles from Wilmington, and are - Hanover county, 30 miles from Wilmington, and one two Houses shall be sit ing mile from the Cape Fear River, in Caintuck District, there is well adapted to the production of Corn, Peas, Potatoes and Rice. On the Plantation is a very good DWELLING turning from the same; and for any speech or bebate in HOUSE nearly new, and all necessary out-houses, and a either House, they shall not be questioned in any other good Well of Water. The place is pleasantly located, and place as healthy as any in the State. Also, another tract immediately on the Cape Fear River, containing 152 acres, about for which he was elected, be as pointed to any civil effice 2 miles from the above plantation, all tenced for the purpose | under the authority of the Confederate States, which shall adapted to Corn, Peas, Pumkins, &c. Also, there is any increased during such time; and no person holding any which can, with little labor, be turned into money. Any either House during his continuance in office. But Congress antly located a place as any in this country-in a good neigh- Executive Departments a seat upon the floor of either is too well known to remain on hand long. Apply to the pertaining to his Department. subscriber on the premises, or address Arthur Bourdeaux, Caintuck P. O., New Hanover county, N. C.
April 19, 1860.—34-tf ARTHUR BOURDEAUX.

PISTOLS AND SWORDS. TUST RECEIVED, a small invoice of PISTOLS; a so, a few SWORDS, at June 13, 1861.—42-2t MILITARY COMPANIES ORGANIZ NG. FURNISHED with EQUIPMENTS, at

June 13, 1861,—42-2t HARNESS MAKERS, COACH TRIMMERS A ND SHOE MAKERS wanted to stitch on MILITARY A TRAPPINGS, to whom the highest wages will be paid, votes of both Houses shall be determined by year and nays, Harness, Trunk, Saddlery, Leather and Oil Establishment, No. 5, Market st. June 13, 1861.-42-2t NEW SASH, BLIND AND DOOR MANUFACTORY. LOCATED AT ARGYLE, ROBESON CO., N. C., MMEDIATELY on the Wilmington, Charlotte & Ruther-I ford Rail Road, 84 miles from Wilmington, N. C., where prevent its return ; in which case it shall not be a law .the subscribers are prepared to manufacture, at the short. The President may approve any appropriation and disap-

The best quality of GLASS is always kept on hand .-BLINDS painted and trimmed ready for hanging. Our lamber is all kiln-dried before it is worked up.

S. SHEETZ. G. M. McLEAN. J. A. McKOY.

April 18, 1861. PLOUGH FACTORY.

which is ready for inspection and payment. All those who styles of entirely new IMPROVED PLOUGHS, iform throughout the Confederate States: ferent changes of ploughing that may be required. These States: Ploughs consist of sweeps, hollow and solid; also various sizes of Shovels, double or single turning MOULD BOARDS; COTTON or POTATOE SCRAPERS. Also, new ground and subsoil PLOUGHS. All of these plough hoes are used upon three stocks, which may be changed by means of bolts o suit every farmer's convenience. I will also sell State or County Rights, or District or Farm Rights. Orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. All letters addressed to BOLD R. HOOD, at Goldsboro', N. C. Jan 24th, 1861.

PAINTS\_PAINTS. DURE WHITE LEAD; " Snow White Zine " White Gloss Zinc

Linseed Oil, Varnish, Patent Dryers, &c. For sale whole W. H. LIPPITT, sale and retail, by Druggist & Chemist.

# CCNSTITUTION

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA. We, the people of the Confederate States, each State act

ing in its sovereign and independent character, in order to form a permaneut federal government, establish justice, iusure domestic tranquility, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity-invoking the favor and guidance of Almighty God-do ordain and establish this constitution for the Confederate States of America. ARTICLE 1. SECTION 1.

All legislative power herein delegated shall be vested in a t ongress of the Confederate States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION. 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of theseveral States; and the electors in each State shall be citizens of the Confederate States, and have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numberous branch of the State Legislature; but no person of foreign birth not a citizen of the Confederate States, shall be allowed to vote for any officer, civil or political, State or Federal. 2. No person shall be a Representative, who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a citizen of the Confederate States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which be shall be chosen. 3. Representatives and Direct Taxes shall be apportioned among the several States, which may be included within order than any Wheel now in use or heretofore offered to this Confederacy, according to their respective numbers, This Wheel was patented on the 29th January, 1861. It being a packed Wheel, no water can escape between the top of the Wheel and the between the land the being a packed wheel and the between the land the lan which shall be determined, by adding to the whole number top of the Wheel and the bottom of the case, and conse- all slaves. The actual enumeration shall be made within top of the Wheel and the bottom of the case, and consequently all loss of power from such escape of water is avoided.

The description wheel it is of cast iron and is so simple in construction that any mechanic can put it in The number of representatives shall not exceed one for after having once seen it done. It will, with a 74 feet of every fifty thousand, but each State shall have at least one water, grind from 12 to 40 bushels of Corn per hour, and is Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made suited to any head of water from 2 feet upwards. It has the State of South Carolina shall be entitled to six—the State any foreign country, other than the slaveholding States or of impeachment. being all that it requires for the performance of any amount | Florida two-the State of Mississippi seven-the State of Louisiana six, and the State of Texas six. 4. When vacancies happen in the representation from any

State, the Executive authority thereof shall issue writs of trodction of slaves from any State not a member of, or Ter-5. The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of im- suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the peachme t; except that any judicial or federal officer resi | public safety may require it. dent and acting solely within the limits of any State, may be impeached by a vote of two-thirds of both branches of the | ing or impairing the right of property in negro slaves shall

Legislature thereo:. 1. The Senate of the Confederate States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen for six years | ted to be taken. immediate attention by applying to or addressing James by the Legislature thereof, at the regular session next im-

mediately preceding the commencement of the term of ser- any State, except by a vote of two-thirds of both Houses. vice; and each Senator shall have one vote. 2. Immediately after they shall be assemled, in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally another. as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of | 8. No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the sec- consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regucompetent persons who have seen the operation of his ond year; of the second class at the expiration of the fourth lar statement and account of the receipts and expenditures year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth of all public money shall be published from time to time. year; so that one-third may be chosen every second year; 9. Congress shall appropriate no money from the treasu- pointed to the same office during their ensuing recess. performance of the new Water Wheel, invented by George and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during ry except by a vote of two-thirds of both Houses, taken by W. Armstrong, of Sampson county, N. C. It grinds a bushel | the recess of the Legislature of any State, the executive | year and nays, unless it be asked and estimated for by some

> 3. No person shall be a Senator who shall not have athabitant of the State for which he shall be chosen. 4. The Vice President of the Confederate states shall be | 10. Att bills appropriating money shall specify in federal

be equally divided.

a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President or servant, after such contract shall have been made or or when he shall exercise the office of President of the Con- such service rendered. 6. The Senate shall have the sole power to try all im- rate States; and no person holding any office of profit or peachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress. on oath or affirmation. When the President of the Confed- accept any present, emoluments, office or title of any kind erate States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no | whatever from any king, prince or foreign State.

thirds of the members present. further than to removal from office, and disqualification to right of the people peaceably to assemble and petition the hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the government for a redress of grievances. Confederate States; but the party convicted shall, never- 13. A well regulated militia being necessary to the security theless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear and punishment according to law-

Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each but in a manner to be prescribed by law. State by the Legistature thereof, subject to the provisions THE SUBSCRIBER offers his residence in the town of this Constitution; but the Congress may at any time, by houses, and effects against unreasonable searches and time jurisdiction; to controversies to which the Confederate

cember, unless they shall, by law, appoint a different day. RECTION 5.

and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of paval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service, in | 2. In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public miniseach shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller | time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be sub- | ters and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, number may adjourn from day to day, and may be author-Hall, Esq's. The subscriber also has an excellent riding latest the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all ized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such or limb; nor be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a manner and under such penalties as each House may pro- witness against himself; nor be deprived of life, liberty, or appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such ex-

2. Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with tion, the concurrence of two-thirds of the whole number, expel

pays of the members of each House, on any question, shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, he entered on the against him: to have compulsory process for obtaining witjournal. 4. Neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, THE SUBSCRIBER having determined to go South, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than

SECTION. 6 being about 360 acres in all, of which 35 acres are drained | 1. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a comand cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation-there being pensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and about 200 acres more to clear, all heavy growth Swamp paid out of the treasury of the Confederate States. They Land, being a portion of the well-known JUNIPER AND shall, in all cases, except treason, and breach of the peace, BEAR SWAMPS, and the balance UPLAND. The Swamp be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the relate to but one subject, and that shall be expressed in the

of a Pasture. There is about 40 acres cleared and well have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have grant any title of nobility. quantity of OAK AND ASH WOOD handy to the river, office under the Confederate States shall be a member of

> SECTION 7. 1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills. 2. Every bill which shall have passed both Houses, shall, before i becomes a law, be presented to the President of plus of revenue thus derived, shall, after making such im- shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be the Confederate States; if he approve, he shall sign it; but provement, be paid into the common treasury; nor shall discharged from such service or labor; but shall be delivif not, he shall return it with his objections to that House any State keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, en ered up on claim of the party to whom such slave belongs, in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the object ter into any agreement or compact with another State, or or to whom such service or labor may be due. tions at large on their journal, and proceed to consider it. with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually in-If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that House vaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of de shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with lay. But when any river divides or flows through two or a vote of two-thirds of the whole House of Representatives, the objections, to the other House, by which it shall like | more States, they may enter into compacts with each other | and two-thirds of the Senate, the Senate voting by States; wise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that | to improve the navigation thereof. House, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the

and the names of the persons voting for or against the bill It any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress, by their adjournment, est notice, SASH, BLINDS, DOORS and MOULDINGS prove of any other appropriation in the same bill. In such a case he shall, in signing the bill, designate the appropriations disapproved; and shall return a copy of such appropriations, with his objections, to the House in which the bill shall have originated; and the same proceedings shall then be had as in case of other bills disapproved by the

3 Every order, resolution, or vote, to which the concurrence of both Houses may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of voted for as Vice President, and they shall make distinct Bishop, at the Farmer's House, or Messrs. J. T. Petteway | the Confederate States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him; or being disapproved by him, may be re-passed by two-thirds of both Houses accorded each, which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit,

SECTION 8. The Congress have power-1. To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises, for revenue necessary to pay the debts, provide for the com-R. HOOD having moved to Goldsboro', and located mon defence, and carry on the government of the Confede-D. there, respectfully informs the citizens of Wayne and rate States; but no bounties shall be granted from the treathe adjoining Counties, that he expec's to manufactory; nor shall any duties or taxes on importations from THE CLERK OF THE COUNTY COURT of New Han- ture and keep constantly on hand the most complete foreign nations be laid to promote or foster any branch of over, has placed in my hands the Tax List for 1860, and suitable selection of the latest and most approved industry; and all duties, imposts and excises shall be un-

> 3. To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or memthe several states, and with the holian tribes; but neither bers from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the this nor any clause contained in the Constitution, shall ever be construed to delegate the power to Congress to appro- Representatives shall not choose a President, whenever the pria'e money for any internal improvement to iscilitate right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth commerce; except for the purpose of furnishing lights, day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall beacons and buoys, and other sids to navigation upon the act as President, as in case of the death, or other constitucoasts, and the improvement of harbors and the removement | tional disability of the President. of obstructions in river navigation; in all which cases, such | 4. The person having the greatest number of votes as duties shall be laid on the navigation facilitated thereby, as Vice-President shall be the Vice President, if such number may be necessary to pay the costs and expenses thereof : | be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed :

Confederate States, but no law of Congress shall discharge | President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two any debt contracted before the passage of the same : 5. To coin money, regulate the value thereof and of forei, n coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures: 6. To provide for the punishu ent of counterfeiting the securities and current com of the Confederate States: 7. To establish post offices and post routes; but the ex-

three, shall be paid out of its own revenues : 8. To promote the progress of science and the useful arts, securing for limited times to authors and inventors, the on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations: and make rules concerning captures on land and water : 12. To raise and support armies; but no appropriation of exist at the time of his election

money to that use shall be made for a longer term than two 13. To provide and maintain a navy: land and naval forces:

renel invasions: 16. To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining elected. employed in the service of the Confederate States; reserv-

the discipline prescribed by Congress: 17. To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatso- them. ever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as | 10. Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall | the election of President; and Vice President; and, for the may, by the cession of one or more states, and the accept- take the following oath or affirmation : at ce of Congress, become the seat of the Government of the . I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully ex-Confederate States; and to exercise like authority over all | ecute the office of President of the Confederate States, and places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the relate in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts,

SECTION 9 1. The importation of negroes of the African race, from of Georgia ten-the State of Alabama nine-the State of Territories of the United States of America, is hereby forbidden; and Congress is required to pass such laws as shall sent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of effectually prevent the same. 2. Congress shall also have the power to prohibit the in-

ritory not belonging to, this Confederacy. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be 4. No bill of attainder, or ex post facto law, or law deny-

be passed. 5. No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid unless in proportion to the census or enumerating hereinbefore direc-6. No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from

7. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of

thereof may make temporary appointments until the next one of the heads of the Department, and submitted to Conmeeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacan- gress by the President: or for the purpose of paying its hereby made the duty of Congress to establish.

President of the Senate, but shall have no vote, unless they currency the exact amount of each appropriation and the purposes for which it is made; and Congress shall grant no 5. The Senate shall choose their other officers; and also extra compensation to any public contractor, officer, agent 11. No tittle of nobility shall be granted by the Confede-

person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two- 12. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof 7. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press: or the

arms shall not be infringed.

1. The times, places and manner of holding elections for house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, and treaties made or which shall be made under their au-

1. Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns | ment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or | eign State. property, without due process of law; nor shall private ceptions and under such regulations as the Congress shall property be taken for public use, without just compensa- make.

3. Each House shall keep a journal of its proceedings, of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been not committed within any State, the trial be at such place or and from time to time publish the same, except such parts | committed, which district shall have been previously asceras may in their judgment require secrecy, and the yeas and tained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses nesses in his favor; and to have the assistance of counsel

shall be preserved; and no fact so tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the Confederacy, actually and no fact so tried by a jury shall be ment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the cording to the rules of the common law. 19. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive

fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishment inflicted. 20. Every law, or resolution having the force of law shall

SECTION 10. 1. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or coufederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, or ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts; or 2. No State shall, without the consent of the Congress lay

any imposts or duties on imports and exports, except what and the right of property in said slaves shall not be hereby may be absolute'y necessary for executing its sinspection person wishing to settle himself on as valuable and pleas. may, by law, grant to the principal officer in each of the laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the bork ood -would do well to call soon, as I am sure the place House, wit the privilege of discussing any measures ap- treasury of the Confederate States; and all such laws shall from justice, and be found in another State, shall, on debe subject to the revision and control of Congress.

3. No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty or tonnage, except on sea-going vessels, for the im- jurisdiction of the crime. provement of its rivers and harbors navigated by the said vessels; but such duties shall not conflict with any treaties any State or Territory of the Confederate States, under the of the Confederate States with foreign nations; and any sur- laws thereof, escaping or lawfully carried into another.

SECTION 1. 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of shall be entered on the journal of each House respectively. the Confederate States of America. He and the Vice President shall hold their offices for the term of six years; but the President shall not be re-eligible. The President and Vice-President shall be elected as follows: 2. Fach State shall appoint, in such a manner as the leg-

islature the eof may direct, a number of electors equal to the whole number of Secators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the Confederate States, shall be appointed an 3. The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person

lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for ing to the rules and imitations prescribed in case of a bill. sealed, to the government of the Confederate States, directed to the President of the Senate; the President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President, but the representation from each State, having one vote; a

1. To establish uniform laws of naturalization, and uni- and if no person have a majority, then, from the two highthe whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

5. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of Confederate States. 6. The Congress may determine the time of choosing the Provisional Government.

penses of the Post-office Department, after the first day of electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; March in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and sixty- which day shall be the same throughout the Confederate States. 7. No person except a natural-born citizen of the Conexclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries: tion of this Constitution, or a citizen thereof born in the stitution or laws of any State to the contrary not with stand . 9. To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court. United States prior to the 20th of December, 1860, shall be ing. 10. To define and punish piracies and felonies committed eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person

of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the pow- public trust under the Confederate States. ers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on 14 To make rules for government and regulation of the the Vice-President; and the Congressmay, by law, provide shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability both | by the people of the several States. 15. To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the of the President and Vice-President, declaring what officer laws of the Confederate States, suppress insurrections and shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accord- the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States are re-

the militia, and for gove ning such part of them as may be 9. The President shall, at stated times, receive for his sering to the States, respectively, the appointment of the offi- diminished during the period for which he shall have been tween the States so ratifying the same. cers, and the au hourty of training the militia, according to elected; and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the Confederate States, or any of

SECTION 2. 18 To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper and navy of the Confederate States, and of the militia of the extending beyond the time limited by the Constitution of ments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their re

spective offices; and he shall have power to grant reprieves

and pardons against the Confederate States, except in cases the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by yesterday. We hardly know what to make of it :and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall apotherwise provided for, and which shall be established by The cause may be briefly explained as follows: law; but the Congress may, by law, vest the appointment of President. All other civil officers of the Executive Depart- perfectly clean coast to-morrow. may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting in a few minutes, and the greatest excitement prevailed .-

SECTION 3. Congress information of the state of the Confederacy, and | ing's boat for the defences on the coast below the city, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall the preparations were taken in charge by Commodore Tattown expenses and contingencies; or for the payment of judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary nall. claims against the Confederate States, the justice of which occasions, convene both Houses or either of them; and in At a later hour another messenger arrived, correcting the tained the age of thirty years, and be a citizen of the Constant particulars. The landfederate States; and who shall not, when elected, be an inshall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other instead of a few boat loads, the debarkation had been com-

Confederate States. SECTION 4. 1. The President, Vice-President, and all civil officers of and ultimately the reduction of Charleston by an attack in the Confederate States, shall be removed from office on im- the rear. This, however reasonable, is but an inference, as peachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other nothing definite can be known of their object. Perhaps high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. 1. The judicial power of the Confederate States shall be vested in one superior Court and in such Inferior Courts as with three boats and a considerable force, consisting of the the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. Chatham Artillery and a number of infantry. We can only the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and Inferior Courts, shall | add that matters are in safe hands, and all prudent and prachold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated | tical steps possible will be taken and without delay. times, receive for their s rvices a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECTION 2. 1. The judicial power shall extend to all cases arising unTERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Per Square of 10 lines or less-cash in advance. do..renewed weekly,......14 00 do. 12 do...do.....do......25 00 Advertisements ordered to be continued on the inside,

harged 374 cents per square for each insertion after the first.

No advertisement, reflecting upon private character,

can, under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, be admitted.

14. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any | der this Constitution, the laws of the Confederate States, thority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the time seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue States shall be a party; to controversies between two or comfortable dwelling, baving seven large rooms, passage and places of choosing Senators.

and places of choosing Senators.

but upon probable cause, supported by oath or amrimation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and where the State is plaintiff; between citizens claiming lands and particularly describing the place to be searched, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and particularly describing the place to be searched. under grants of different States, and between a State or 16. No person shall be held to answer for a capital or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects; othewise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indict- but no State shall be sued by a citizen or subject of any for-

3. The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, 17. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy shall be by jury, and such trials shall be held in the State the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury | where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when places as the Congress, by law, may have directed.

SECTION 1. Treason against the Confederate States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court. 2. The Congress shall have power to declare the punish person attained.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may, by general laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION 2.

1. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States, and shall have the right of transit and sojourn in any State of this Confederacy, with their slaves and other property; impaired.

2. A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime against the laws of such State, who shall fice mand of the Executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the State having 3. No slave or other person held to service or labor in

SECTION 3. 1. Other States may be admitted into this Confederacy by but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or parts of States without the consent of the legislatures of the States concerned

2. The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations concerning the property of the Confederate States, including the lands thereof. 3. The Confederate States may acquire new territory; and Congress shall have power to legislate and provide governments for the inhabitants of all territory belonging to the Confederate States, lying without the limits of the several States; and may permit them, at such times, and in such manner as it may by law provide, to form States to be admitted into the Confederacy. In a such territory, the institution of negro slavery as it now exists in the Confederate States, shall be recognized and protected by Congress, and by the territorial government; and the inhabitants of the several Confederate States and Territories, shall have the right to take to such territory any slaves, lawfully held by them in any of the States or territories of the Confederate

States. 4. The Confederate States shall guaranty to every State that now is or hereafter may become a member of this Confederacy, a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the legislature (or of the Executive when the legislature is not in session) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

SECTION 1. 1. Upon the demand of any three States, legally assembled in their several conventions, the Congress shall summon a convention of all the States, to take into consideration such amendments to the Constitution as the said States shall concur in suggesting at the time when the said demand is made: and should any of the proposed amendments to the Constitution be agreed on by the said convention-voting by States-and the same be raufied by the legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, or by conventions in two-thirds thereof- as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the general convention, they shall thenceforward form a part of this Constitution .-But no State shall, without its consent, be deprived of its equal representation in the Senate.

successor of the Provisional Government of the Confederate States of America, and all the laws passed by the latter form laws on the subject of bankruptcies, throughout the est numbers on the list the Senate shall choose the Vice. shall continue in force until the same shall be repealed or modified; and all the officers appointed by the same shall thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of remain in office until their successors are appointed and qualified, or the offices abolished. 2. All debts contracted and engagements entered into be President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the fore the adoption of this Constitution shall be as valid against

1. The Government established by this Constitution is the

the Confederate States under this Constitution as under the 3. This Constitution, and the laws of the Confederate States, made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made under the authority of the Confederate States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges federate States, or a citizen thereof, at the time of the adop- in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the con-

4. The Senators and Representatives before mentioned be eligible to that office who shall not have attained the age and the members of the several State legislatures, and ad 11. To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and been fourteen years a resident executive and judicial officers, both of the Confederate states, as they may states and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirm 'ion, to support this Constitution; but no religious 8. In case of the removal of the President from office, or test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or 5. The enumeration, in the Constitution, of certain rights

> 6. The powers pot delegated to the Confed rate States by ingly until the disability be removed or a President shall be served to the States, respectively, or the people thereof, elected. 1. The ratification of the conventions of five States shall vices a compensation, which shall ne ther be increased nor | be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution be

2. When five States shall have ratified this Constitution in the manner before specified, the Congress under the Provisional Constitution, shall prescribe the time for holding meeting of the Electoral College; and, for counting the votes, and inaugurating the President. They shall, also, prescribe the time for holding the first election of members the Congress under the Provisional Constitution shall con-1. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army | tinue to exercise the legislative powers granted them; not

WE find the following from the Savannah Republican of a late date, or rather we find it credited to the Sa-2. He shall have power, by and with the advice and con- vannah Republican by the Augusta Constitutionalist of

LANDING OF ABOLITION TROOPS-GREAT EXCITEMENT IN point ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, SAVANNAH .- Our city was thrown into a perfect ferment Judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the yesterday afternoon, and every man, boy, and many of the Confederate States, whose appointments are not herein women, were ready to take up arms to reper the invaders. It was known yesterday morning, from information such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the President brought by parties from below, that the blockading fleet off alone, in the courts of law or in the heads of Departments. one coast had been suddenly reinforced by from three to five 3. The principal officer in each of the Executive Depart large vessels. This, however, was considered merely a ments, and all persons connected with the diplomatic ser- freak of that particular arm of the Abolition service, as the vice, may be removed from office at the pleasure of the vessels float about promiscuously, being here to-day and a

ment may be removed at any time by the President, or other | About two o'clock, P. M., however, matters assured a appointing power, when their services are unnecessary, or more practical aspect. A messenger arrived by the boat tor dishonesty, incapacity, inefficiency, misconduct, or neg- from Tybee, with intelligence that six boat loads of Aboli lect of duty; and when so removed, the removal shall be tion troops, supposed to number 260 men, had been landed eported to the Senate, together with the reasons therefor. from the squadron on Danfuskie Island, on the Carolina 4. The President shall have power to fill all vacancies that | coast, just opposite Tybee. The news spread over the city commissions which shall expire at the end of their next ses- The call to arms was sounded to the detachment of military sion; but no person rejected by the Senate shall be re-ap- remaining in the city, and everybody seemed anxious to take part in circumventing and destroying the invaders. Prenarations were immediately made, guns brought out and boats 1. The President shall, from time to time, give to the got ready. General Lawton and staff had left on the morn-

public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the greater part of the day. Commodore Tatinall concludes that a very large force has been landed, for a regular campaign, with the view of taking possession of Broad River they did not have out of view a diversion of lorces from our forts and batteries below, so as to enable the fleet to come in and take possession.

Commodore Tatnall went down the river about five o'clock Under the circumstances, however, it will probably be some days before the actual force landed and their character can be ascertained, and proper steps taken to displace

August 1st, 1859.